

Marshalls Energy Company (MEC), Inc.

Comprehensive Recovery Plan SUMMARY DOCUMENT

FY2010-2012

Marshalls Energy Company (MEC), Inc.

COMPREHENSIVE RECOVERY PLAN FY2010-2012

A Summary of Goals, Objectives and Actions

Background and Reform Resolution

Whereas the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) experienced an unprecedented energy crisis in 2008, which was exacerbated by financial and operational challenges in the Marshalls Energy Company (MEC), and which had severe impacts on the budget, economy and people of the RMI; and

Whereas despite stabilization in MEC's operations in 2009, the financial and operational integrity of the company remains at risk; and

Whereas the MEC now continues to represent a major risk to the national budget, fiscal system and overall economy; and

Whereas MEC and the energy sector at large have been identified by the RMI as priority areas for national reform; and

Whereas the RMI Combined Utilities Board, the Asian Development Bank, the World Bank, the Pacific Power Association, the RMI National Energy Policy and Action Plan, and other sources have put forth practical and achievable policy, governance, technical, and operational reform recommendations for MEC and the energy sector;

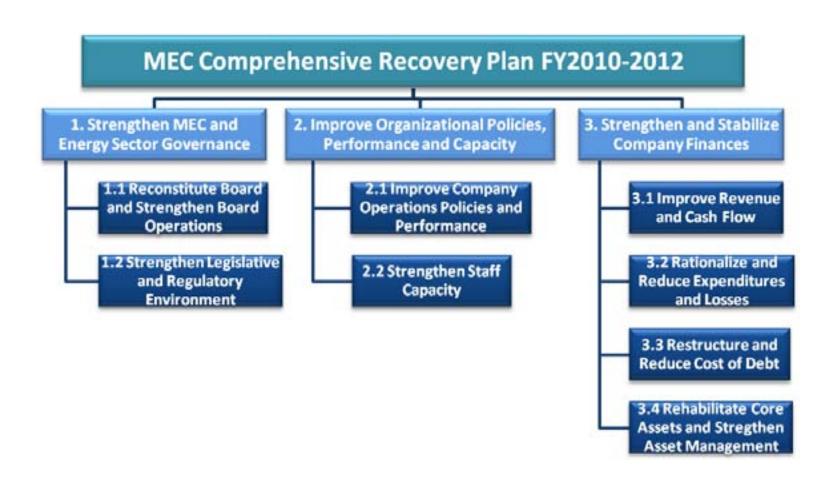
Now, therefore, the Board of Directors and Management of MEC hereby resolve to pursue a new Comprehensive Recovery Plan, with the following reform objectives and actions, to their best ability and within available resources;

These objectives and actions and the Comprehensive Recover Plan as a whole shall, furthermore:

- a) Support and form a key component of the broader national Comprehensive Adjustment Program (CAP) under development by the RMI;
- b) Be implemented over the three year FY2010 through FY2012 period;
- Serve the overarching aim of stabilizing MEC's operations and restoring the utility's reputation as a reliable and efficient supplier of energy;
- d) Build upon the earlier recovery plan developed in 2006 as a result of the performance review undertaken in that year with support from the Office of Insular Affairs, US Department of the Interior; and
- e) Evolve and expand as conditions and circumstances require.

The Comprehensive Recovery Plan: Goals, Objectives, Actions and Timeframe

MEC's Comprehensive Recovery Plan is simplified in the following diagram, with detailed Goals, Objectives and Actions following:



Goal 1. Strengthen MEC and Energy Sector Governance

Objective 1.1 Reconstitute Board and Strengthen Board Operations Actions, Details and Timeframe:

	,		
1.1.1	Reduce Board membership from 10 to 7	This objective has been completed. Right sizing of the Board	FY2010
		membership was necessary to provide practicality and efficiency for the	(completed)
		Board of Directors to function properly. With a 7 member Board it only	
		requires 4 members to be present to have a quorum.	
1.1.2	Recompose Board membership to strengthen capacity	The role of the Board of Directors as an oversight authority to provide	FY2010
	and effectiveness	policy and management guidance as well as representation of various	
		sectors within the community is imperative for the well being of the	
		Utility Sectors. As part of effective governance, Board members must	
		be well oriented of their fiduciary roles and responsibilities in order to	
		provide effective policy and management guidance throughout their	
		tenure as members. A Board of Directors' governance manual will be	
		formulated and an orientation period for each members and	
		subsequent members mandatory.	
1.1.3	Develop and adopt new policies to strengthen Board	Board of Directors' governance manual will be formulated to clearly	FY2010-2011
	meetings and procedures	define the roles and responsibilities of the Board of Director to ensure	
		proper appropriation of Company resources to help facilitate the	
		function of the Board of Directors.	
1.1.4	Adopt new corporate and Board bylaws	A review and update of the Corporate and Board of Directors' Bylaws in	FY2010
		essential in order to take into account current Board and Management	
		structures and the contemporary circumstances the Utility Sectors are	
		confronting.	
1.1.5	Develop appropriate Board orientation and training	Refer to objective 1.1.2	FY2010-2011
	program		
1.1.6	Develop new company policies handbook	The company's policies handbooks for each Department are essential as	FY2011
		proper guides for internal control to facilitate effective management.	
		The handbooks will entail specific terms of reference, vis-à-vis rules and	
		guidelines, standard operating procedures and other guiding	
		mechanisms deemed necessary.	

Objective 1.2 Strengthen Legislative and Regulatory Environment for Energy Sector Actions, Details and Timeframe:

1.2.1 Adopt internal policies and regulations to clearly	This is more or less an internal arrangement and setup needs to be done	
delineate responsibilities and structures for energy supply	vis-à-vis the responsibilities and structures for the overall supply of	
distribution and their management and to better define	energy.	
performance standards and strengthen overall governance		
regime including strengthening public reporting requirements	Develop internal policies and regulations defining the roles and responsibilities of the overall supply of energy structures to ensure processes are efficient and streamlined.	
	Incorporate public reporting to support management accountability.	
1.2.2 Develop inspection and certification mechanisms	This effort will have to be coordinated between the MEC Legal Counsel	FY2011-2012
including associated legal tools for inspection and certification	and the Safety Control Officer and the National and Local Authorities.	
of fuel storage handling and safety procedures and licensing		

Goal 2. Improve Organizational Policies, Performance and Capacity

Objective 2.1 Improve Company Operations Policies and Performance Actions, Details and Timeframe:

2.1.1	Develop and adopt new procurement policy	The Board of Directors formally adopted the RMI Government's Procurement code on October 15, 2009, as a guide for all procurement processes. To ensure proper and effective implementation of such a code, The Board of Directors established the Procurement Department and created the post of the Procurement Manager. As part of the new procurement process, all acquisition of supplies and services must be price quoted with three competitive bidders. The company has already realized significant returns on this investment with a one-time saving of \$90K through competitive bidding. On a daily basis, the company may realize potential savings of a \$500 to a \$1000 per day through the bidding process. For an Utility this size, a potential annual saving between \$182K to \$365K is significant which could positively affect the bottom line.	FY2010 (completed)
2.1.2	Develop and adopt new personnel policy	The Personnel Policy Manual will incorporate MEC's Corporate Policies and Procedures, with the aim and objective of providing all employees with a clear interpretation of the company's procedural guidelines. The scope of the Manual will incorporate policies relating to personnel, staff training and development, occupational health and safety and vehicles. The content of this Policy Manual will provide positive guidelines in determining correct decision-making and will clearly define what rights, privileges and entitlements each employee has within the company. It is envisaged that new policies and procedures will be added from time-to-time with Management and the MEC Board's approval.	FY2010
2.1.3	Develop and adopt new financial management and reporting policies	The new financial management and reporting template will be produced on monthly basis from each of the Departments. The reporting templates will provide critical statistical data for management to make informed business and management decisions for each respective Department.	FY2010

		These same reports will be the basis for management's monthly report	
		to the board of directors to facilitate policy and management guidance	
		to management from time-to-time.	
		Proposal to provide RUS with financial reporting on a quarterly basis.	
2.1.4	Develop and adopt new vehicle use policy	The Vehicle Policy will provide comprehensive policy statements governing the operations, maintenance, procurement and financial control of the MEC vehicle fleet. The cost of vehicles represents a very large capital investment to MEC such that the proper care and maintenance of all vehicles is essential, in order to protect the Company's investment, the safety of drivers and passengers, the company's public image and to avoid unnecessary expenditure. To achieve these aims, the Vehicle Policy will provide a system for controlling vehicle use in order to maximize vehicle service life and to reduce associated maintenance costs to a minimum.	FY2011
		The goal of the new vehicle use policy should result in an initial cost saving of 5% which equates to approximately 65K per year. Further assessment of the vehicle policy will need to be performed on an annual basis to identify additional cost saving opportunities.	
2.1.5	Develop and adopt other operational policies as	Refer to objective 2.1.2	FY2010-2012
	deemed necessary by the Board and management		= 1/2.244
2.1.6	Develop and adopt a new Performance-based Management System with Key Performance Indicators and periodic reporting and evaluation processes	The purpose of a Performance Based Management system (PBM) is to give an entity, such as MEC, a management tool to plan and measure corporate as well as unit performance. As well, it helps to link work plans with actual financial envelopes that helps allocate resources more efficiently in the planning stage. It also allows for measurements to be introduced so that organizational and financial performance can be measured on a timely basis, such as quarterly and annually. And, it links organizational performance along with financial performance on an ongoing basis to improve corporate and unit efficiency and effectiveness.	FY2011
		A PBM system for the MEC should have the following components. The	

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team would use any existing plans and strategies and work with M	EC
management and staff to apply planning information in a useful way.	
Corporate Mandate and Mission	
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Strategic Goals	
Medium Term Objectives and Expected Results (Outcomes) that res	ult
from the Strategic Goals	uit
Hom the strategic doub	
A set of indicators that will measure corporate performance to achie	ve
the objectives	
Cost activities that MEC units plan to achieve the Objectives a	nd
accompanying Outputs to measure the progress of implement	ng
activities.	
Review of the above data to identify progress, issues confronted a	nd
potential next steps.	
2.1.7 Produce annual MEC Company Reports, including The annual report which include financial, technical and operation	
annual financial, technical and operational information is being developed and will be a requirement starting t	nis
information FY 2010.	
The annual report will articulate the accurate financial standing of t	ho
company and data needed on the technical and operational aspects	
the business, in order to make informed and sound management	
decisions year-in and year-out.	
desisions year mana year out.	
The annual report will be the main tool for the Board of Directors	to
provide sound and informed management guidance.	
Proposal to include RUS in the annual MEC Company report distributi	on
upon publication.	

Objective 2.2 Strengthen Staff Capacity Actions, Details and Timeframe:

2.2.1	Develop and adopt new ME Development Plan	C Staff Capacity	The standardization of an employee evaluation process.	FY2010
			The standardization of a training program for each of the Departments.	
2.2.2	Train Government, MEC and representatives in energy aud management techniques	private sector ting and energy	Improved energy efficiency represents the most cost effective option for reducing the impacts of global warming and the need for sustainable development. This initiative will provide training of selected Government, MEC and the private sector personnel in demand side management strategies, with the aim of increasing the efficiency of energy utilization, with resultant benefits to the customer, utility and society as a whole.	

Goal 3. Strengthen and Stabilize Company Finances

Objective 3.1 Improve Revenue and Cash Flow

Actions, Details and Timeframe:

3.1.1	Develop and adopt full cost recovery tariff template	The new tariff template for electricity usage has been	FY2010
	and appropriate pricing structures for all goods and	implemented to achieve full cost recovery. The new pricing	Ongoing
	services	structure went into effect as of February 1, 2010. The increase in	
		tariff is expected to net an additional \$3.2M in revenue per	
		annum to make the power generation/distribution part of the	
		business break-even financially. MEC projections indicate	
		additional revenue flow to be recognized as early as Fiscal Year	
		2011 in the amount of approximately \$700K.	
		Current rates effective February 1 st 2010 are as follows:	
		Government – 36.8 cents	
		Commercial – 35.8 cents	
		Residential – 29.8 cents	
		Lifeline – 27.8 cents	
		The current rates are based on the Diesel Price per Barrel (MOPS)	
		of \$85.00. Rates are subject to change (increase/decrease) by	
		MEC management in compliance with the new tariff template	
		approved by the RMI government.	
		The fuel sales operation is one of only two profit making ventures	
		for the company. In August 2009, a new pricing strategy was	
		adopted and implemented to ensure full cost recovery for the	
		operation and a sustainable return on investment.	
		The prepare /IDC calca apprehian is the other prefit realists	
		The propane/LPG sales operation is the other profit making	
		venture of the company. Similar pricing strategy was also	
		adopted to ensure business sustainability and a reasonable return on investment.	
3.1.2	Adopt an appropriate lifeline tariff that genuinely	Part of a tariff study, a benchmark will be established to	FY2011
3.1.2	Adopt an appropriate menne tarm that genuinely	rait of a tariff study, a pericilliark will be established to	LIZUII

			Г
	assists the bottom 20 percent of residential accounts	accurately develop a lifeline tariff which will assist the bottom 20	
	(based on household consumption levels)	percent of residential accounts so they can continue to have	
		access to electricity while being able to afford it.	
		With the implementation of the pre-paid metering program, the	
		lifeline tariff will begin to phase out and no longer be applicable.	
3.1.3	Eliminate all cross-subsidization between services	The comprehensive recovery plan warranted a total cessation of	FY2011
		cross-subsidization between all services within MEC. The cross-	
		subsidization between the Fuel sales, LPG sales and Power	
		Generation/Distribution services have been the model on which	
		the company has based its operations on for over 20 years.	
		Cross-subsidization between services only contributes to	
		inefficiencies, un-competitiveness and sometimes ill-	
		management. With the initiative of other CRP objections such as	
		the system loss quantification and index engine, expectation is to	
		eliminate cross-subsidization between services within one (1)	
		calendar year.	
		,	
		The objective to eliminate all cross-subsidization should not	
		impact the electricity tariff rates due to the fluctuation of diesel	
		price per barrel.	
3.1.4	Strengthen collections on outstanding accounts	Effective as of October 2009, MEC and the Bank of the Marshall	FY2010
	receivables	Islands (BOMI) entered into a debt collection agreement. BOMI is	(Ongoing)
		to collect all accounts receivable that are a 90 day outstanding or	(=1.8=6)
		beyond. The total accounts receivable as of September 30, 2009	
		is \$5.3M, of which \$3.2M is greater than 90 days aged.	
		10 45.5, 5. Timen 45.2 15 greater than 50 days aged.	
		The disconnection policy is being fiercely enforced with zero	
		tolerance.	
		The credit terms for all customers has been standardized to a 30	
		day credit term (changed from a 60 day credit term for all	
		residential customers). Customers are to pay their electricity bills	
		residential eastorners. Castorners are to pay their electricity bills	

		within 30 days from the billing date.	
		The goal is to minimize aging of accounts receivables and decrease the risk of bad debt activity.	
3.1.5	Initiate Majuro atoll-wide conversion to a pre-pay meters system to improve cash flow and reduce receivables accumulation	On February 1, 2010, a tender for a pre-pay metering system was issued. The bid is expected to be awarded by the end of March 2010.	FY2010-2012 (Ongoing)
		The implementation of the pre-pay metering System will be beneficial to MEC in its efforts to minimize future account receivables and future collection efforts on outstanding receivables.	
		The pre-pay system will enable customers to proactively manage their consumption of electricity and will eventually reduce overall consumption.	
		The pre-pay meters system will be applicable for residential customers only. As a result, there is an expectation of immediate cash flow injection of up to \$500K per month cost and cost savings to minimize the company's exposure to bad debt activity.	
3.1.6	Adopt aggressive and innovative measures to recapture and expand fuels business	An exercise to streamline cost and to make the fuel sales more competitive is underway with the goal of being the most competitive fuel supplier in the region.	FY2010-2011

Objective 3.2 Rationalize and Reduce Expenditures and Losses Actions, Details and Timeframe:

3.2.1	Conduct full system loss survey to locate and quantify	A quantification of system loss is underway. According to the FY	FY2010
	key loss areas/sources	2008 audit report, the overall system loss was around 25% which	
		is equivalent to \$3.2M in revenue loss per annum. The goal is to	
		reduce the system loss to the industry standard of 9%-12%.	
		The result of this exercise will identify what the losses are and	
		where they are occurring and what steps to take to mitigate these	

		losses.	
		This exercise will be of a major benefit to the survivability and sustainability of MEC as an electricity company.	
3.2.2	Develop and execute a Power Loss Reduction Plan to	Part of the quantification of a system loss survey is to identify the	FY2010-2012
	reduce avoidable supply side losses by 20 percent of	parasitic loss at the power stations. The survey will specifically	
	the 2010 baseline by 2012	pinpoint what equipment on site is not necessary and what to	
		replace it with to reduce the parasitic load. The industry standard	
		is around 3%-5% compared to a staggering 12% loss in 2008.	
3.2.3	Aggressively explore options to reduce generation	For FY2008, 89% of MEC's operating cost was attributed to fossil	FY2010-2012
	cost factors, including exploration of alternative fuel	fuel to run the generators. The aim under the CRP is to explore	
	sources and grid-connected alternative generation	options to reduce power generation cost by venturing into Clean	
	technologies	Development Mechanism (CDM) technologies that should reduce	
		the consumption of fossil fuel and increase efficiencies. There is a	
		potential saving of a 30%-40% on fuel consumption once this new technology is operational	
		technology is operational	
		The other viable option is to implement the solar to grid concept.	
		Currently, the Japanese Government will be funding a \$4M Solar	
		to Grid project for the Majuro Hospital.	
		The hybrid system (Solar, Wind and Diesel Generator combined)	
		which is being seriously considered, will be ideal for the remote	
		rural atolls such as Wotje and Jaluit. This is one of the most viable	
		investments to venture into as it should yield immediate	
		dividends: these two rural centers being losing propositions year-	
		in and year-out.	
3.2.4	Reduce streetlight losses through Majuro streetlights	The streetlight retrofitting project for both Majuro and Ebeye is	FY2010 (underway)
	retrofitting program	underway. The retrofitting project should reduce the	
		consumption of electricity for public streetlights by 75%. The	
		project is expected to be completed by FY2010.	-
3.2.5	Explore regional and sub-regional bulk procurement	This is a regional effort and the premise behind this concept is to	FY2010-2012
	options	leverage the purchasing power of all the Utilities in the Pacific	
		Region under a single tender for fuel procurement to maximize	

		scale. This is still at the exploratory stage.	
3.2.6	Strengthen procurement procedures (including new procurement policy)	The procurement procedures are being standardized through the establishment of the Procurement Department and the creation of the Procurement Manager's position.	FY2010 (underway)
		All tenders must be competitively bid with a minimum of 3 eligible bidders. The most competitive prices usually win the tender provided that specifications are met.	
		Procurement and financial controls are being implemented most especially for the fuels and propane sales processes. Customers are to deal directly with the Fuels Marketing Department only.	
		The Fuels Marketing Manager coordinates with the Fuel Farm Operations Manager or the LPG/Propane Farm Operations Manager on the volume of product to be delivered to customers via the Product Delivery Receipt, which is independently verified by a Security Officer.	
3.2.7	Conduct detailed expenditure review and reduce non- essential expenditures	This process has already been implemented and will be carried out on an annual basis. Recently as last month, Management identified several expenditures that could be eliminated by streamlining services within the company to absorb tasks once outsourced.	FY2010 (Ongoing)
		The amount realized from such an undertaking is around \$148K for FY2010.	
3.2.8	Conduct a job review to eliminate duplication and streamline staffing	The objective is to conduct a personnel audit to ensure that there is no duplication of responsibilities within the company. If the audit happens to find any duplication occurring and suggests a possible reduction in the work force, then the process will be very objective and non-arbitrary.	FY2011
		In our efforts to eliminate duplication and streamline staffing, MEC has recognized within FY 2010 a cost saving of \$43K due to	

		the cancellation of several service maintenance contracts that can be fulfilled using existing staff members with little to no disruption to other normal daily operations.	
		To further add, it has been a common practice for MEC in the past to outsource major task such as engine overhauls. Within the second quarter of fiscal year 2010, MEC was able to utilize the required skill sets of new talents, thereby resulting in a cost saving of approximately \$231K.	
3.2.9	Initiate legal negotiations with RMI Government with the aim of establishing formal Community Service Obligation (CSO) contracts that will adequately compensate MEC for loss-making operations in Jaluit, Wotje, Rongrong, the Outer Island Solar Program, and other loss making areas	This is fundamental for the survivability and sustainability of MEC as a Power Utility Company. Any loss-making operations within the MEC system will have to be subsidized via the CSO agreement to ensure longevity of these services in these remote communities of the Marshall Islands.	
	other loss-making areas	As long as the Jaliut, Wotje, Rongrong and the Outer Island Solar Program continue to operate at a loss, it is crucial that MEC continues to receive subsidy funds from the RMI government. For fiscal year 2010, RMI government will be subsidizing 954K.	

Objective 3.3 Restructure and Reduce Cost of Debt Actions and Timeframe:

Actions and Timerative.			
3.3.1 Renegotiate the terms of the Rural Utilities Services	Part of the overall debt management strategy for MEC is to seek	FY2010	
(RUS) loan with the aim of deferring loan servicing payments	debt service deferment for 3 to 5 years to free up needed working		
for at least 3 to 5 fiscal years	capital to reinvest in the company's core assets.		
	The overall aim is not to take on more debt but to explore this		
	option and in return amortize the remainder of the loan plus the		
	years deferred with the net present value of the loan.		
3.3.2 Restructure commercial debt with the Bank of Guam	Part of the overall debt management strategy for MEC is to seek a	FY2010	
with the aim of securing concessional financing from a	concessional financing arrangement with the Asian Development		
development finance institution (preferably the Asian	Bank (ADB) to liquidate the Bank of Guam's commercial debt.		
Development Bank) to liquidate the Bank of Guam debt			
	In the short, medium and long term, it will help MEC financially		

	though concessional rates of 1.5% interest per annum with a 7 year grace period.	
	The working capital available will be used to upgrade the generation/ distribution systems by investing in equipment to help reduce overall system losses.	
3.3.3 Establish MEC Debt Servicing Sinking Fund with appropriate capitalization period to service future debt obligations	MEC will establish a new Debt Servicing Fund (DSF) by official Board resolution. The DSF will be held in a new bank account separate from MEC's core accounts. Starting in 2010, MEC will allocate a portion of the \$1.9 million annual savings accruing from the liquidation of the BOG loan towards the DSF. Assuming a seven year grace period if the loan is granted, MEC will apportion around \$500,000 per year into the account, leaving around \$1.4 million available each year to be used for MEC's recovery efforts. This will assure that a minimum balance of \$3.5 million is in the DSF by 2018, to serve as the core base for the servicing of the loan over the ensuing 20 to 40 year payback horizon.	FY2012 onwards

Objective 3.4 Rehabilitate Core Operating Assets and Strengthen Asset Management Actions and Timeframe:

3.4.1	Develop new Asset Management Plan	The Asset Management Plan Database will enable MEC to effectively manage its assets properly at every aspect of its operation. The database will have a detailed list of all equipment and assets that are in the system and the life span for each item.	FY2011
		Being equipped with such data, MEC will be able to plan effectively at every aspect of the planning process — be it for maintenance work, procurement or acquisition of new equipment and/or financial planning for future investments.	
3.4.2	Rehabilitate power plants, prioritizing full rehabilitation of the two Deutz generators	This is one of the most urgent undertakings and needs to be highly prioritized. The total MW output from these two generators is 12MW at maximum efficiency. Currently, one of the Deutz engines is out of service and the other engine is yielding only 4.7MW at the best.	FY2010

		The total cost to fully overhaul both generators will be around \$4.5M. Additionally, there is a 9-12 month lead time to receive the required parts. MEC has gained RMI government's commitment to support the rehabilitation initiative. To date, MEC has received 500K in grant funds for the purchase of parts from the US and RMI. Refer to the Procurement Schedule for a detailed listing of the parts and costs.	
3.4.3	Conduct environmental and integrity assessments of the Tank Farm	An Environmental Site Assessment has been carried out on the tank farm. The results should be available in a few weeks time.	FY2010 (Ongoing)
		An integrity assessment of the fuel tanks is being explored and would require significant funding to complete such a task. The estimated cost per tank is around \$30K – do note that there are 9 tanks in total.	(5656)
3.4.4	Implement comprehensive rehabilitation of Tank Farm facilities	Refer to objective 3.4.3	

Development Partner Support

A number of the RMI's development partners are providing support and assistance (both financial and technical) to facilitate reforms in MEC and the broader energy sector. A summary of development partners and their assistance follows:

- US (Department of the Interior and JEMFAC)
 - Providing funding to the Pacific Power Association to undertake a full system survey in
 December 2009 to identify and quantify losses in MEC's generation and distribution systems
 (the results of which will form the basis for MEC's plans for reducing avoidable system losses)
 - Providing \$627,000 grant to MEC for initial phase of conversion to pre-pay meters (for residential customers), with disbursements to be made in three equal installments over 2010, 2011, and 2012
 - RMI seeking authorization of US Compact infrastructure grant funding for MEC capital investment
- World Bank
 - Sent initial fact-finding team to RMI in September 2009 to assess MEC situation and to identify possible follow-up technical assistance to support reform and recovery efforts
 - Proposing to conduct follow-up technical assistance efforts in 2010, including assistance to: develop an appropriate legislative/governance regime
 - investigate national liquid fuels issues
 - improve cost recovery
 - rationalize delivery of social service obligations by MEC
- Governments of Italy and Austria through IUCN
 - Providing \$1.1m for Majuro and Ebeye streetlight retrofitting and solar streetlight installation project and \$17,000 to complete household CFL project
- Government of Australia (Pacific Technical Assistance Mechanism):
 - Providing two-year Energy Advisor to RMI
- Asian Development Bank
 - Provided rapid energy assessment study in late 2008
 - Provided support for energy conservation program in late 2008 and early 2009
- Pacific Power Association
 - Providing MEC with technical assistance on procurement processes, asset management system, and system loss reduction efforts
- European Union
 - Provided funding for development of RMI's first National Energy Policy and medium-term
 Energy Action Plan in 2008/2009
- Government of Japan
 - o Providing \$4 million solar-to-grid project on Majuro
 - o Providing \$1.9 million under the JNPG
- Republic of China (ROC)
 - Provided short Term Budgetary support